



Queen Of Sweden Rose

Rosa 'Queen Of Sweden'

Height: 4 feet

Spread: 30 inches

Sunlight: ☉

Hardiness Zone: 6b

Other Names: English Rose

Group/Class: Austin Rose

Description:

One of the most beautiful English roses, this variety produces full cup shaped blooms of soft pink; needs full sun and well-drained soil; good disease resistance; a robust and free flowering rose

Ornamental Features

Queen Of Sweden Rose features showy lightly-scented shell pink cup-shaped flowers at the ends of the branches from late spring to early fall. The flowers are excellent for cutting. It has forest green deciduous foliage. The glossy oval compound leaves do not develop any appreciable fall colour.

Landscape Attributes

Queen Of Sweden Rose is a multi-stemmed deciduous shrub with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

This is a high maintenance shrub that will require regular care and upkeep, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Disease
- Spiny



Queen Of Sweden Rose flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Queen Of Sweden Rose flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Queen Of Sweden Rose is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- General Garden Use

Planting & Growing

Queen Of Sweden Rose will grow to be about 4 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 30 inches. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 20 years.

This shrub should only be grown in full sunlight. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.