

**Silk Road Hosta***Hosta 'Silk Road'*

Plant Height: 12 inches

Flower Height: 18 inches

Spread: 30 inches

Spacing: 30 inches

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 3a

Other Names: Broad Band Hosta, Plantain Lily, Funkia

Description:

A dark green leaf center with wide yellow margins that mature to creamy white as they mature; spikes of pale lavender flowers appear in mid summer; a great choice to add texture, color or contrast to shaded beds, borders or containers

Ornamental Features

Silk Road Hosta features dainty spikes of lavender tubular flowers rising above the foliage in mid summer. Its attractive heart-shaped leaves remain green in colour with distinctive yellow edges throughout the season.

Landscape Attributes

Silk Road Hosta is a dense herbaceous perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. Its medium texture blends into the garden, but can always be balanced by a couple of finer or coarser plants for an effective composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. It is a good choice for attracting bees and butterflies to your yard. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects

Silk Road Hosta is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover

*Silk Road Hosta**Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder*

Planting & Growing

Silk Road Hosta will grow to be about 12 inches tall at maturity extending to 18 inches tall with the flowers, with a spread of 30 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 30 inches apart. Its foliage tends to remain dense right to the ground, not requiring facer plants in front. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in partial shade to shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. This plant should not require much in the way of fertilizing once established, although it may appreciate a shot of general-purpose fertilizer from time to time early in the growing season. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.